

McGREGOR Housing: current status & future plans

- ❖ Need for newer housing: 58% of existing homes were built before 1940; 77% were built before 1980
- ❖ Senior housing is important: More than 35% of householders who own their homes are age 65 or older
- ❖ Newcomers to town are in the 40-54 year age ranges
- ❖ Job counts have increased by 48% over the past decade
- ❖ Median household income is \$55,410 (14% higher than Clayton County median income)

Income and Affordability: Renovation of the excess homes in the \$50k-\$100k range could meet the need for housing in the \$100k-\$150k affordability range, while the need for more homes in the \$150k-\$300k range could be met through new construction. The need for more homes in the \$0-\$50k range could indicate a need for financial assistance for qualifying households.

Income Range	% of Households	# of Households	Affordable Range To Own	# of Owner Occupied Units	Affordable Range To Rent	# of Rental Units	Total Affordable Units	Balance
\$0 - \$25,000	24.6%	98	\$0 - \$50,000	22	\$0 - \$399	46	68	-30
\$25,000 - \$49,999	26.9%	107	\$50,000 - \$99,999	128	\$400 - \$799	68	196	89
\$50,000 - \$74,999	25.6%	102	\$100,00 - \$149,999	75	\$800 - \$1,249	8	83	-19
\$75,000 - \$99,999	10.1%	40	\$150,00 - \$199,999	27	\$1,250 - \$1,499	0	27	-13
\$100,000 - \$149,999	10.8%	43	\$200,00 - \$299,999	35	\$1,500 - \$1,999	0	35	-8
\$150,000 and over	2.0%	8	\$300,000 and over	15	\$2,000 and over	0	15	7



Summarized from the
**Clayton County
Housing Study 2016**

Available at:
<http://uerpc.org/housing-study.html>

Sponsored by:



Prepared by:
Upper Explorerland
Regional Planning
Commission



Actions for the future

Improve the existing housing stock

Form an organization to coordinate homeowner's floodplain appeals

Improve sewer & storm water infrastructure to avoid flooding

Apply for a targeted CDBG for Owner Occupied Rehab in target areas

Fund a low-interest revolving loan program to address specific housing issues

Utilize historic tax credits, low income tax credits, and workforce housing tax credits

Develop an informational brochure to inform citizens of the housing programs and energy efficiency assistance programs available and actively promote them

Encourage property maintenance by forming specific, community-accepted standards. Reinforce with periodic community "awards" for improvement, personal contact with non-compliant owners, and then code enforcement

Utilize NEICAC/UERPC Housing Quality Standard Inspections (HQS) when using their programs, and set up city programs for inspection of other housing units

Partner with volunteer groups to provide assistance to those in need

Add new homes to meet the community's needs

Keep a list of available grayfield tax incentives and qualifying infill lots for potential developers

Investigate expansion areas for new housing development (with suitable soils, avoiding bluff land and flood plains)

Promote building sites with utilities already in place, and plan for utility extensions

Distribute promotional materials for developers (one page fact sheet)

Encourage the use of city incentives for new construction, including TIF, limited tax abatement, interest assistance, down payment assistance, reduced or waived permit fees and hook-up fees, and other rebates as feasible (culvert, sidewalks, landscaping, etc.)

Understand and Encourage a Healthy Housing Market

Promote market "churning" by supporting senior housing projects

Utilize NEICAC's homebuyer education classes, or establish a local certified Housing Counseling Agency to host classes on a regular basis

Develop promotional materials to attract new residents

Celebrate homeowner efforts to improve properties by creating a program that recognizes projects that have a visible impact on the property's aesthetics

Form a regional Habitat for Humanity group with neighboring counties

Promote and utilize the appropriate programs listed in "Resources for Implementation" in this document